

FISA - nr. rationale positive.

①

$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{5} =$	$(\frac{3}{10}) \cdot (-\frac{1}{8}) =$	$(-\frac{1}{8}) \cdot (+\frac{12}{6}) =$
$\frac{6}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{7} =$	$(-\frac{1}{5}) \cdot (-\frac{6}{9}) =$	$(-\frac{3}{5}) \cdot (+\frac{4}{7}) =$
$\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{13}{8} =$	$(-\frac{3}{4}) \cdot (-\frac{11}{9}) =$	$(+\frac{9}{7}) \cdot (-\frac{10}{11}) =$
$\frac{8}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} =$	$(-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot (-\frac{12}{8}) =$	$(+\frac{3}{13}) \cdot (-\frac{12}{11}) =$

②

$\frac{3}{9} : \frac{2}{3} =$	$\frac{9}{10} : \frac{100}{4} =$	$(-\frac{1}{5}) : \frac{3}{10} =$
$\frac{9}{4} : \frac{6}{9} =$	$(-\frac{1}{6}) : (-\frac{1}{9}) =$	$\frac{9}{10} : \frac{12}{15} =$
$\frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{3} =$	$(-\frac{3}{6}) : (-\frac{12}{18}) =$	$(-\frac{3}{8}) : (+\frac{7}{9}) =$
$\frac{1}{3} : \frac{1}{2} =$	$(-\frac{4}{8}) : (-\frac{9}{16}) =$	$(+\frac{4}{3}) : (-\frac{8}{9}) =$

③

$(\frac{4}{3})^2 =$	$(\frac{4}{10})^2 =$	$(\frac{14}{12})^2 =$	$(-\frac{1}{5})^3 =$	$(\frac{1}{4})^2 =$
$(\frac{1}{5})^2 =$	$(-\frac{1}{3})^2 =$	$(\frac{1}{3})^3 =$	$(-\frac{1}{2})^3 =$	$(-\frac{1}{4})^2 =$
$(\frac{4}{3})^2 =$	$(-\frac{1}{2})^2 =$	$(-\frac{1}{9})^2 =$	$(-\frac{1}{10})^3 =$	$(\frac{4}{3})^2 =$
$(\frac{1}{9})^2 =$	$(-\frac{1}{4})^2 =$	$(\frac{1}{4})^3 =$	$(-\frac{1}{6})^2 =$	$(-\frac{4}{3})^2 =$

④

$5 \cdot 6 =$	$4 \cdot 10 =$	$2 \cdot 3 =$	$6 \cdot 9 =$	$-3 \cdot 5 =$
$(-5) \cdot (-6) =$	$-4 \cdot (-10) =$	$(2) \cdot (-3) =$	$54 : 9 =$	$-15 : (-3) =$
$(-5) \cdot 6 =$	$4 \cdot (-10) =$	$2 \cdot (-3) =$	$54 : 6 =$	$-15 : (-5) =$

Fișă - nr runde pozitive

①. $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$

$\frac{9}{6} - \frac{1}{6} =$

$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{4}{4} =$

$\frac{3}{7} + \frac{9}{7} =$

$\frac{4}{7} - \frac{1}{7} =$

$\frac{7}{11} + \frac{16}{11} - \frac{12}{11} =$

$\frac{8}{7} + \frac{1}{7} =$

$\frac{16}{10} - \frac{10}{10} =$

$\frac{4}{3} + \frac{26}{3} - \frac{15}{3} =$

$\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{3} =$

$\frac{19}{12} - \frac{12}{12} =$

$\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{10}{3} =$

$\frac{16}{13} + \frac{17}{13} =$

$\frac{6}{9} - \frac{5}{9} =$

$\frac{8}{15} - \frac{6}{15} - \frac{1}{15} =$

②. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} =$

$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{6}{7} =$

$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{6} =$

$\frac{9}{5} - \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{12}{10} - \frac{10}{20} =$

$\frac{3}{7} + \frac{1}{3} =$

$\frac{3}{7} - \frac{2}{13} =$

$\frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{10} =$

$\frac{8}{9} + \frac{2}{6} =$

$\frac{10}{4} - \frac{2}{3} =$

$\frac{13}{21} - \frac{4}{17} =$

③. $4 + 24 =$

$100 - 29 =$

$35 - 16 =$

$13 - 9 =$

$15 + 24 =$

$39 - 18 =$

$43 - 17 =$

$22 - 9 =$

$80 + 39 =$

$47 - 19 =$

$69 - 10 =$

$14 - 9 =$

$19 + 24 =$

$66 - 17 =$

$100 - 49 =$

$67 - 18 =$

$16 + 14 =$

$78 - 19 =$

$37 - 4 =$

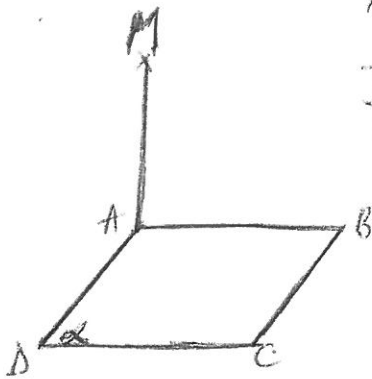
$150 - 39 =$

$95 - 89 =$

$46 - 28 =$

FISA - dreapta perpendiculară pe plan.
 FISA - calcularea distanței dintre 2 puncte

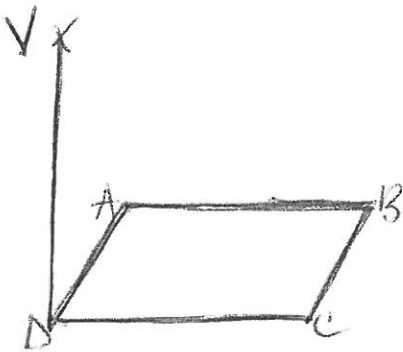
①.



J_p : ABCD - pătrat
 $l = 4 \text{ cm}$.
 $MA \perp \alpha$
 $MA = 5 \text{ cm}$.

Cz : $d(M, D) = ?$
 $d(M, B) = ?$
 $d(M, C) = ?$

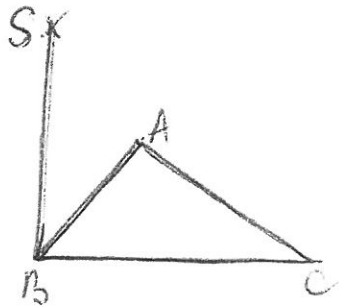
②.



J_p : ABCD - dreptunghi
 $AB = 8 \text{ cm}$.
 $BC = 6 \text{ cm}$.
 $VD \perp (ABCD)$
 $VD = 10 \text{ cm}$.

Cz : $d(V, A) = ?$
 $d(V, B) = ?$
 $d(V, C) = ?$

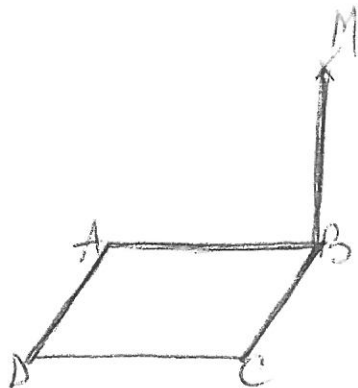
③.



J_p : $\triangle ABC$ - echilateral
 $l = 2 \text{ cm}$.
 $SB \perp (ABC)$
 $SB = 9 \text{ cm}$.

Cz : $d(S, C) = ?$
 $d(S, A) = ?$

④.



J_p : ABCD pătrat
 $l = 5 \text{ cm}$.
 $MB \perp (ABCD)$
 $d(M, C) = 6 \text{ cm}$.

Cz : $d(M, B) = ?$
 $d(M, A) = ?$
 $d(M, D) = ?$

⑤. Dreapta perpendiculară pe un plan este perpendiculară pe